The Constitution of the United States of America: A republic in which the power of government is derived from the consent of the governed. The Constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land and the foundation upon which the federal government is based. It was adopted on September 17, 1787, and has been amended 27 times since then.

The Constitution divides the government into three branches: the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial. The President, who is the head of the Executive Branch, is elected every four years. The legislative branch consists of the House of Representatives and the Senate, which together make up Congress. The Supreme Court, the highest court in the land, is part of the Judicial Branch.

The Constitution guarantees certain rights to all citizens, including freedom of speech, religion, and the press. It also protects against unreasonable searches and seizures, and it guarantees a trial by jury in civil cases. The Constitution is the supreme law of the land and any law, act, or practice that is in conflict with it is void.

The Constitution is the foundation upon which the United States government was established. It is a living document that continues to evolve as the nation changes and as issues arise. The Constitution is the foundation upon which the United States government was established. It is a living document that continues to evolve as the nation changes and as issues arise.